

**INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE, BANGALORE CENTRE**  
**B.MATH - Second Year, Second Semester, 2005-06**  
**Statistics - II, Backpaper Examination**

(15) 1. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be independent random variables with densities

$$f_{X_i}(x_i|\theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2i\theta} & -i(\theta - 1) < x_i < i(\theta + 1) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where  $\theta > 0$ .

- (a) Find a two-dimensional sufficient statistic for  $\theta$ .
- (b) Find the maximum likelihood estimator of  $\theta$ .

(7) 2. Suppose  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are two i.i.d. observations from Binomial( $n, p$ ),  $0 < p < 1$ ,  $n$  known. Let  $\theta = p^n$ . Find the UMVUE of  $\theta$ .

(8) 3. Suppose  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  is a random sample from Poisson( $\lambda$ ). Consider testing

$$H_0 : \lambda \leq 1 \text{ versus } H_1 : \lambda > 1.$$

- (a) Show that the conditions required for the existence of a UMP test are satisfied here.
- (b) Derive the UMP test of level  $\alpha$ .

(20) 4. A large shipment of parts is received, out of which 5 are tested for defects. The number of defective parts in the sample,  $X$  is assumed to be Binomial with parameter  $\theta$ . From past shipments it is known that  $\theta$  has a Beta(1, 9) distribution.

- (a) Find the HPD estimate of  $\theta$  if  $x = 0$  is observed.
- (b) Find a 95% credible set for  $\theta$  if  $x = 0$  is observed.
- (c) Consider testing  $H_0 : \theta \leq 0.10$  versus  $H_1 : \theta > 0.10$ . Find the posterior probability of  $H_0$  and explain what can be concluded from this.